

## HISTORY OF INDIA VI (1750 TO 1857)

### 5<sup>TH</sup> SEMISTER , CORE COURSE PAPER XII

✓ Tick the correct answer----

1. The Permanent Settlement was made with---

- a. Zamindars                      b. Muqaddams
- c. Peasant cultivators      d. Village communities

2. Ryotwari Settlement favoured by

- a. Cornwallis                      b. John Shore
- c. Richard Starchy              d. Reed and Munro

3. Who introduced permanent settlement.....

- a. Lord Cornwallis              b. Lord Wellesley
- c. Lord Hastings                d. Lord Bentick

4. What was meant by Laissez Faire ?

- a. Free trade                      b. Trade with high Tariff
- c. Free import of goods      d. Minimum tariff barrier

5. How did the commercialization of crops lead to the improvement of the Indian peasantry ?

- a. It was less profitable
- b. Spoil the fertility of the soil
- c. Required more investment.
- d. It was less productive

6. When did the first famine occur ?

- a. 1850 to 1852                b. 1860 to 1861
- c. 1863 to 1864                d. 1865 to 1866

7. Which is called the first mass revolution of Santhal Pargana?

- a. Tana Bhagat Movement
- b. Birsa Movement
- c. Hari Baba Movement
- d. Santhal Revolt

8. Which revolt was called India's first revolution by Karl Marx?

- a. Santhal Revolt
- b. Chero Revolt
- c. Munda Revolt
- d. Tamar Revolt

9. Which of the following revolt is also known as Liberation Movement?

- a. Kol Revolt
- b. Tamar Revolt
- c. Bhumji Revolt
- d. Santhal Revolt

10. The Deccan Riots of 1874-1875 in Maharashtra were directed against-----

- a. Big land lords
- b. Moneylenders
- c. Revenue collector
- d. British opium planters